(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

(With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Thereon)

(Public)



KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154-0102

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholder and the Board of Directors Daiwa Capital Markets America Inc.:

### Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Daiwa Capital Markets America Inc. (the Company) as of March 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively, the financial statement). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2023, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

## Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.



We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002.

New York, New York May 26, 2023

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

# Statement of Financial Condition

# March 31, 2023

(In thousands, except share data)

## Assets

Cash segregated for regulatory purposes Securities purchased under agreements to resell Financial instruments owned, at fair value Securities borrowed Receivable from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations Receivable from customers Receivable from affiliates Office furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, at cost, less accumulated	\$	1,650,239 174,916 29,758,541 19,331,235 7,563,316 152,030 26,574 6,456
depreciation and amortization of \$53,890		10,021
Exchange memberships, at cost (fair value, \$1,711)		1,073
Other assets	_	265,609
Total assets	\$_	58,940,010
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities:		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$	35,434,115
Financial instruments sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value		9,992,110
Payable to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations		5,917,507
Securities loaned		4,636,504
Loans payable		1,005,069
Payable to affiliates		315,786
Payable to customers		31,766
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_	140,977
Total liabilities	_	57,473,834
Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (Note 14)		
Subordinated borrowings from Parent		200,000
Stockholder's equity:		1,266,176
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	58,940,010

See accompanying notes to statement of financial condition.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

# (1) Organization

Daiwa Capital Markets America Inc. (the Company) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc. (the Parent). The Parent is a wholly owned subsidiary of Daiwa International Holdings Inc. (Daiwa Tokyo), a Japanese holding company, whose ultimate parent is Daiwa Securities Group Inc. (Daiwa Group).

The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and various exchanges. The Company is registered as a futures commission merchant (FCM) with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC), is a member of the National Futures Association (NFA), is a netting member of the Government Securities Division of the Fixed Income Clearing Corporation (FICC), and is a clearing member of principal commodity exchanges in the United States. The Company's activities include brokerage, trading of various securities primarily in U.S. and Japanese markets, and investment banking. The Company is also a primary dealer in U.S. government and agency securities.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## (a) Basis of Presentation

The Company's statement of financial condition is prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP), which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial condition and accompanying notes. These estimates and the underlying assumptions affect the amounts of assets and liabilities reported, disclosures about contingent assets and liabilities. Such estimates, including the fair value of financial instruments and valuation of deferred tax assets are, by their nature, based on judgment and available information and, therefore, may vary from actual results. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. While management makes its best judgment, actual amounts or results could differ from those estimates.

# (b) Collateralized Financing Transactions

Securities purchased under agreements to resell (reverse repurchase agreements) and securities sold under agreements to repurchase (repurchase agreements) are collateralized financing transactions. The agreements provide that the transferor will receive substantially the same securities in return at the maturity of the agreement and that the transferor will obtain from the transferee sufficient cash or collateral to purchase such securities during the term of the agreement. These transactions are carried at their contract price plus accrued interest. Reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements with the same counterparty and same maturity are presented net in the statement of financial condition when the requirements of Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) 210-20, *Offsetting*, are met.

Securities borrowed and loaned result from transactions with other broker-dealers or financial institutions and are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received. Securities borrowed transactions require the Company to deposit cash with the lender. Securities loaned transactions require the borrower to deposit cash with the Company. In transactions where the Company acts as a lender in a securities lending agreement and receives securities that can be pledged or sold as collateral,

3

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

it recognizes an asset on the statement of financial condition, representing the securities received, and a liability for the same amount, representing the obligation to return these securities. As of March 31, 2023, the Company had no transactions in which it was a lender under these agreements. If the Company acts as a borrower in a borrow versus pledged transaction, there is no recognition on the statement of financial condition.

#### (c) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments owned and financial instruments sold, but not yet purchased are recorded at fair value in accordance with ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement*. Principal transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on a trade-date basis.

Amounts receivable and payable for regular-way securities transactions that have not yet reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

## (d) Office Furniture, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements

Office furniture and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives which are generally from 3 to 5 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of their useful lives or the term of the related lease.

#### (e) Leases

The Company enters into operating lease agreements, a majority of which are real estate agreements. A lease liability and a corresponding right-of-use (ROU) asset are recognized at the commencement of the lease. The ROU asset is recorded at an amount which may differ from the operating lease liability due to deferred or prepaid rent prepayments, initial direct costs, and lease incentives received. Lease liabilities are presented within accounts payable and accrued liabilities and ROU assets are presented within other assets in the statement of financial condition.

The lease payments are discounted using a rate determined in the year the lease is recognized. As the Company typically does not know the discount rate implicit in the lease, the Company uses an incremental borrowing rate that it believes approximates a collateralized borrowing rate for the estimated duration of the lease.

#### (f) Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, as well as the estimated future tax consequences attributable to net operating losses and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to be applied to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company's results of operations are included in the consolidated federal and combined state and local income tax returns filed by the Parent. In accordance with the tax sharing agreement, the Parent

4

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

allocates to the Company its proportionate share of the consolidated federal and combined state and local tax liabilities on a separate company basis.

The Company recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. Recognized income tax positions are measured at the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs.

# (g) Recent Accounting Standards

In December 2022, the FASB released ASU 2022-06, *Reference Rate Reform* (Topic 848 Update). It defers the sunset date of the Reference Rate Reform from December 31, 2022, to December 31, 2024, to extend the ability to apply the guidance in Topic 848, which provides temporary optional guidance to ease the burden in accounting for reference rate reform on financial reporting. The Company has a subordinated borrowing which uses the one month LIBOR rate. The Company is presently evaluating the effect of the ASU and expects no material impact to its financial results or statement of financial condition.

# (3) Cash Segregated for Regulatory Purposes

Cash of \$2,158,000 is segregated in accordance with the Commodity Exchange Act. This balance represents funds deposited by customers and funds accruing to customers as a result of trades or contracts.

Cash of \$73,152,000 is segregated in special reserve bank accounts for the exclusive benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act.

Cash of \$99,606,000 is segregated in special reserve bank accounts for Proprietary Accounts of Brokers (PAB) under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act.

# (4) Securities Purchased and Sold under Agreements to Resell and Repurchase

Securities purchased and sold under agreements to resell and repurchase are accounted for as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at contract price plus accrued interest. It is the policy of the Company to obtain possession of collateral with fair values equal to or in excess of the principal amount loaned under resale agreements. Collateral is valued daily and the Company may require counterparties to deposit additional collateral when appropriate. As of March 31, 2023, the Company has accepted securities with fair values of approximately \$41.6 billion under resale agreements and pledged securities with fair values of approximately \$47.5 billion under repurchase agreements, prior to the application of ASC 210-20. The securities pledged are made up of securities received from resale agreements, borrow transactions, and from proprietary securities. Reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements are reported net by counterparty when permitted under ASC 210-20. At March 31, 2023, the Company's assets and liabilities were netted by approximately \$11.5 billion as a result of the application of ASC 210-20. Refer to note 7 for additional information regarding offsetting.

As of March 31, 2023, the Company has the right to sell or repledge substantially all of the securities it has received under its resale agreements. Of this amount, substantially all were repledged as of March 31, 2023. These repledged securities have been used in the normal course of business.

5

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

# (5) Securities Borrowed and Securities Loaned

Securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions are accounted for as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at the amount of cash or securities collateral advanced or received by the Company. Securities borrowed transactions require the Company to deposit cash or securities with the lender. With respect to securities loaned, the Company receives collateral in the form of cash or securities in an amount generally in excess of the fair value of securities loaned. The Company monitors the fair value of securities borrowed and loaned on a daily basis, with additional collateral obtained or refunded as necessary. As of March 31, 2023, the Company has received securities with a fair value of approximately \$7.5 billion related to its securities borrowed transactions and pledged approximately \$4.6 billion related to its securities loaned transactions.

As of March 31, 2023, the Company has the right to sell or repledge substantially all of the securities it has received under its securities borrowed transactions. The Company repledged substantially all of these securities as of March 31, 2023. These repledged securities have been used in the normal course of business.

# (6) Repurchase Agreements and Securities Lending Transactions Accounted for as Secured Borrowings

The Company's repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions primarily encounter risk associated with liquidity. The Company is required to pledge collateral based on predetermined terms within the agreements. These transactions are effectively short-term collateralized borrowings. While not a material risk, there is a residual risk that a counterparty may default and the Company would be exposed to declines in the fair value of the collateral securing these transactions. The Company attempts to mitigate these risks by using highly liquid securities as collateral. The Company also monitors the credit risk of the counterparties and the fair value of the collateral pledged in comparison to the contract value of the repurchase and securities lending contracts.

The following table provides the gross contract value of repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions by the type of collateral provided and the remaining contractual maturity of the transactions at March 31, 2023 (in thousands):

6

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

Remaining contractual maturity of the agreements Overnight Greater 30-90 and than 90 days continuous Up to 30 days days **Total** Repurchase agreement transactions: U.S. government and agency obligations 35,978,043 1,800,108 30,013 37,808,164 U.S. government agency mortgage-backed 151,080 obligations 8,654,655 8,805,735 Japanese government bonds 90,128 258,732 348,860 Total 2,058,840 181,093 44,722,826 46,962,759 Securities lending transactions: U.S. government and agency obligations \$ 2,460,981 2,460,981 Equity securities 1,651,614 1,651,614 Corporate bonds 523,909 523,909 Total 4,636,504 4,636,504 181,093 49,359,330 2,058,840 51,599,263 **Total Borrowings** 

# (7) Offsetting of Collateralized Financing Transactions and Derivative Positions

All reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements are subject to master repurchase agreements. These agreements are reported net by counterparty when permitted under ASC 210-20. The Company is a netting member of the FICC which is an industry clearinghouse for resale and repurchase transactions. Throughout each business day, for every trade submitted to and matched by the FICC, the transaction is novated to the FICC and the FICC becomes the Company's counterparty. Derivative contracts, such as forward-settling trades, are presented net by counterparty when permitted under ASC 815-10-45. This requires a legal right of set-off under enforceable netting agreements.

7

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

# Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

The following table provides information about assets and liabilities that are subject to offset as of March 31, 2023 (in thousands):

		Gross amounts (iii) offset in the Net	(iii)=(i)-(ii) Net amounts	(iv) Gross amounts not offset		mounts Gross amounts not offset		Cuasa amounts not of		
_	(i) Gross amounts	statement of financial condition (1)	presented in the statement of financial condition	Financial instruments (2)	Cash collateral received	(v)=(iii)-(iv) Net amount (3)				
\$	79,312	39,210	40,102	_	_	40,102				
	7,563,316	_	7,563,316	7,450,617	_	112,699				
	12,274,248	10,702,755	1,571,493	1,571,493	_	_				
_	29,012,937	825,889	28,187,048	28,146,511	34,414	6,123				
\$	48,929,813	11,567,854	37,361,959	37,168,621	34,414	158,924				
\$	122,167	39,210	82,957	_	_	82,957				
	4,636,504	_	4,636,504	4,623,240	_	13,264				
	21,028,350	10,702,755	10,325,595	10,325,595	_	_				
_	25,934,409	825,889	25,108,520	25,014,636	47,550	46,334				
\$	51,721,430	11,567,854	40,153,576	39,963,471	47,550	142,555				
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 79,312 7,563,316  12,274,248  29,012,937  \$ 48,929,813  \$ 122,167 4,636,504  21,028,350  25,934,409	(i)         Gross amounts           (1)         39,210           (2)         7,563,316           (3)         39,210           (4)         10,702,755           (5)         29,012,937           (8)         48,929,813           (8)         122,167           (8)         39,210           (9)         4,636,504           (10)         39,210           (10)         4,636,504           (10)         10,702,755           (10)         25,934,409           (10)         825,889           (10)         825,889	Gross amounts offset in the statement of financial condition         (iii)=(i)-(ii) Net amounts presented in the statement of financial condition           \$ 79,312 7,563,316         39,210 7,563,316         40,102 7,563,316           \$ 12,274,248 10,702,755 1,571,493         29,012,937 825,889 28,187,048 37,361,959         28,187,048 37,361,959           \$ 122,167 4,636,504 4,636,504 21,028,350 10,702,755 10,325,595         39,210 82,957 4,636,504         21,028,350 10,702,755 10,325,595           25,934,409 825,889 25,108,520         25,108,520	Gross amounts offset in the statement of financial condition         (ii) Financial condition         (iii)=(i)-(ii) Presented in the statement of financial condition         Net amounts presented in the statement of financial instruments (2)           \$ 79,312         39,210         40,102         —           7,563,316         —         7,563,316         7,450,617           12,274,248         10,702,755         1,571,493         1,571,493           29,012,937         825,889         28,187,048         28,146,511           \$ 48,929,813         11,567,854         37,361,959         37,168,621           \$ 122,167         39,210         82,957         —           4,636,504         —         4,636,504         4,623,240           21,028,350         10,702,755         10,325,595         10,325,595           25,934,409         825,889         25,108,520         25,014,636	Gross amounts offset in the statement of financial Gross amounts         (ii) condition (1)         (iii)=(i)-(ii) presented in the statement of financial condition         (iii) financial of financial condition         Financial instruments (2)         Cash collateral received           \$ 79,312         39,210         40,102         —         —         —           \$ 75,63,316         —         7,563,316         7,450,617         —           \$ 29,012,937         \$ 25,889         28,187,048         28,146,511         34,414           \$ 48,929,813         \$ 11,567,854         37,361,959         37,168,621         34,414           \$ 122,167         39,210         82,957         —         —           4,636,504         —         4,636,504         4,623,240         —           21,028,350         10,702,755         10,325,595         10,325,595         —           25,934,409         825,889         25,108,520         25,014,636         47,550				

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents recognized amount of resale and repurchase agreements and forward-settling trades with counterparties subject to legally enforceable agreements that meet the applicable netting criteria as permitted by U.S. GAAP.

8

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents securities received or pledged to cover financing transaction exposures.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents the amount of exposure that is not collateralized/covered by pledged collateral.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

# (8) Financial Instruments Owned and Financial Instruments Sold, But Not Yet Purchased, at Fair Value

At March 31, 2023, financial instruments owned and financial instruments sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value consisted of the following (in thousands):

Financial instruments owned, at fair value:		
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	14,097,681
U.S. government agency mortgage-backed obligations		4,998,460
Corporate bonds		194,575
Forward-settling trades		40,102
Equity securities		414
Options	_	3
	\$	19,331,235
Financial instruments sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value:		
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	9,514,242
U.S. government agency mortgage-backed obligations		241,096
Corporate bonds		147,558
Forward-settling trades		82,957
Equity securities	_	6,257
	\$	9,992,110

The Company's counterparties to its collateralized financing transactions have the right by contract or custom to sell or repledge the Company's pledged proprietary securities. As of March 31, 2023, the Company has pledged approximately \$14.9 billion of proprietary financial instruments owned related to the Company's collateralized financing transactions.

## Derivative Financial Instruments

A summary of the Company's derivative instruments, which are included in financial instruments owned and financial instruments sold in the accompanying statement of financial condition, executed through regulated exchanges and over-the-counter (OTC) markets, at contract or notional amounts, together with their fair values at March 31, 2023, is presented in the table below (in thousands). Although contract or notional amounts may reflect the extent of the Company's involvement in a particular class of financial instruments, they are not indicative of potential loss.

		Derivative assets			Der	ivative liabili	ties
	_	Notional	Notional Average		Notional		Average
<b>Derivative contract type</b>	_	Amount	Fair value	Fair value	Amount	Fair value	Fair value
Forward-settling trades	\$	10,265,294	40,102	107,937	\$ 15,885,154	82,957	103,484
Options		40,500	3	57	_		40
Futures	_	169,250			 		
Total	\$_	10,475,044	40,105	107,994	\$ 15,885,154	82,957	103,524

9

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

Substantially all of the Company's derivative transactions are entered into for trading purposes or to facilitate customer transactions. The Company does not apply hedge accounting pursuant to ASC 815 (*Derivatives and Hedging*) to any of its derivative transactions.

The Company's activities in forward-settling trades include transactions in securities for which the settlement date is a date beyond the time generally established by regulations or conventions in the marketplace or exchange in which the transaction is executed. These financial instruments expose the Company to varying degrees of market and credit risks.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value using a three level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the market observability and reliability of inputs used to value assets and liabilities, and requires enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 does not dictate when fair values should be the basis to account for a financial asset or liability, nor does it prescribe which valuation technique should be used. Rather, ASC 820 requires an entity to choose appropriate valuation techniques based upon market conditions and the availability, reliability, and observability of valuation inputs.

# (a) Fair Value Hierarchy

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure an asset or a liability fall to different levels within the hierarchy, the classification of the entire asset or liability will be based on the lowest level input that is significant to the overall fair value measurement of the asset or liability. The Company categorizes assets and liabilities based on the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 measurements include most U.S. government and government agency securities, equity securities, and exchange-traded derivatives.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted market prices for the asset or liability that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term, and inputs to valuation techniques that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other statistical means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 measurements may include U.S. government agency securities, U.S. government agency mortgage-backed obligations, corporate bonds, and most OTC derivatives.

Level 3: Inputs to the pricing or valuation techniques that are significant to the overall fair value measurement of the asset or liability are unobservable. Level 3 inputs are estimates or assumptions that management expects market participants would use in determining the fair value of the asset or liability. In determining the appropriate measurement levels, the Company would perform analyses on the assets and liabilities subject to ASC 820 at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the observability of significant valuation inputs during the

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

reporting period may result in a reclassification of certain assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy. At March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company did not hold any Level 3 assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

The following table summarizes the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2023 (in thousands):

		Fair value measurement				
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets:						
U.S. government and agency						
obligations	\$	14,097,681	_		14,097,681	
U.S. government agency mortgage-backed	•	,,			<b>3</b> -	
obligations			4,998,460	_	4,998,460	
Corporate bonds			194,575		194,575	
Forward-settling trades			40,102	_	40,102	
Equity securities		414	_	_	414	
Options		3			3	
Financial instruments						
owned, at fair value	\$_	14,098,098	5,233,137		19,331,235	
Liabilities:						
U.S. government and agency						
obligations	\$	9,514,242	_		9,514,242	
U.S. government agency mortgage-backed		, ,			, ,	
obligations		_	241,096		241,096	
Corporate bonds			147,558		147,558	
Forward-settling trades			82,957	_	82,957	
Equity securities		6,257	<u> </u>		6,257	
Financial instruments sold, but not yet	-					
purchased, at fair value	\$_	9,520,499	471,611		9,992,110	

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended March 31, 2023.

# (b) Valuation Techniques for Major Assets and Liabilities

# **Debt and Equity Securities**

Where available, debt and equity securities are valued based on quoted market prices. If a quoted market price for the identical security is not available, the security is valued based on quotes from similar securities, where possible. The fair value measurements for Level 2 U.S. government agency

11

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

mortgage-backed obligations are primarily determined or validated by inputs obtained from independent pricing sources taking into account differences in the characteristics and the performance of the underlying securities. The fair value measurements for Level 2 corporate bonds are based on quoted market prices but trade in markets that are considered to be less active. The Company will determine whether adjustments to the observable inputs are necessary as a result of investigations and inquiries about the reasonableness of the inputs used and the methodologies employed by the independent pricing sources.

#### **Derivatives**

Exchange-traded derivatives are valued using quoted prices. OTC derivatives, such as forward-settling contracts, are valued using a models-based approach. Fair value is calculated using market and credit based inputs to models based on information that includes contractual terms, market prices, credit ratings, and other observable inputs. The models also adjust for the present value of cash flows, when necessary. All inputs into the calculation of the fair value of these derivatives are observable in the market.

#### Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

Securities purchased under agreements to resell, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, securities borrowed, securities loaned, loans payable, and subordinated borrowings are stated at their contract values. The contract value for these financial instruments is considered to approximate fair value, as they are short-term in nature, bear interest at current market rates, and/or are subject to frequent repricing.

## (9) Receivable from and Payable to Brokers, Dealers, and Clearing Organizations

At March 31, 2023, amounts receivable from and payable to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations consisted of the following (in thousands):

Receivable from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations: Securities failed to deliver Margin deposits Other	\$ 81,164 66,693 4,173
	\$ 152,030
Payable to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations:	
Net payable for unsettled regular-way trades	\$ 5,614,918
Payable to affiliates	182,825
Securities failed to receive	81,124
Clearing organizations	38,578
Other	 62
	\$ 5,917,507

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

# (10) Receivable from and Payable to Customers

Receivable from and payable to customers primarily relate to securities and futures transactions. These receivables are typically collateralized by securities, the value of which is not reflected in the accompanying statement of financial condition. At March 31, 2023, amounts receivable from and payable to customers consisted of the following (in thousands):

Receivable from customers: Variation margin on open TBA trades Open security transactions Other	\$ 25,226 761 587
	\$ 26,574
Payable to customers:	
Variation margin on open TBA trades	\$ 28,201
Payable to affiliates	2,532
Open security transactions	159
Other	 874
	\$ 31,766

# (11) Loans Payable

At March 31, 2023, loans payable consisted of the following (in thousands):

Loans payable to Parent	\$ 390,000
Loan payable to affiliate	15,069
Bank loans	600,000
	\$ 1,005,069

The Company's loan payable to Parent is under \$1.2 billion in revolving loan facilities which bear interest at a rate of 5.04 %. The Company's loan payable to affiliate is denominated in yen, with face value of \$2 billion. This loan bear interest rate of .12%, and is due on June 20, 2023. It is under a \$140 billion revolving loan facility which the Company shares with the Parent. The Company's bank loans are under a \$800 million uncommitted credit facility, with interest rates based on the bank's cost of funds plus an applicable margin. At March 31, 2023, the bank loans consist of \$200,000,000 and \$400,000,000 loans at rates of 5.51% and 5.41% respectively. They are due on May 31, 2023 and April 14, 2023. These loans had interest payable of \$3,697,000 as of March 31, 2023. They are primarily used to finance the Company's securities operations. In addition, the Company had an available, uncommitted and undrawn revolving unsubordinated loan from an affiliate in the amount of \$300 million. The Company also had an available, committed and undrawn revolving unsubordinated loan from Parent in the amount of \$100 million.

## (12) Subordinated Borrowings

As of March 31, 2023, the Company had a subordinated note payable to the Parent of \$200,000,000 with a maturity date of December 31, 2027. The note is treated as equity for the purposes of determining net capital, as defined under the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

(Rule 15c3-1). Repayment of the note is contingent upon the Company being compliant with certain net capital requirements of both the Securities and Commodity Exchange Acts.

This note bears interest at rates based on LIBOR plus 25 basis points. As of March 31, 2023, this rate was 4.92%, with interest payable of \$847,000. This liability is subordinated to the claims of general creditors of the Company and has been approved as regulatory capital and, accordingly, is included as capital by the Company in computing net capital under Rule 15c3-1.

## (13) Leases

The Company leases office space under non-cancelable operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through the year ending March 31, 2027, some of which include options to extend or to terminate the leases. For the majority of leases entered into during the current period, the Company has concluded it is not reasonably certain that it would exercise the options to extend or terminate the leases. Therefore, as of the lease commencement date, the lease terms generally do not include these options. Minimum future rental on operating leases and information on the remaining average lease term and discount rate at March 31, 2023 are displayed in the following table (in thousands):

Years ending March 31:	
2024	\$ 9,153
2025	8,942
2026	8,513
2027	2,021
Thereafter	
Total lease payments	28,629
Less: imputed interest	1,579
(1) Total operating lease liabilities	\$ 27,050
(2) Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$ 21,797
Weighted average remaining lease term (in years)	3.2
Weighted average discount rate	3.7%

- (1) Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statement of financial condition.
- (2) Included in other assets on the statement of financial condition.

#### (14) Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees

The Company has a commitment with a vendor for data processing services. The total remaining non-cancelable commitment is \$2,248,000 at various dates through the year ending March 31, 2028.

From time to time, the Company may become involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. It is management's opinion that these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Company. Also, as a registered broker-dealer and futures commission merchant, the Company is subject to periodic regulatory examinations which may result in adverse judgments or fines. Management believes there are no litigation or examinations that will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Company.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

In the normal course of business, the Company provides guarantees to securities clearinghouses and exchanges. These guarantees are generally required under the standard membership agreements, such that members are required to guarantee the performance of other members. To mitigate these performance risks, the exchanges and clearinghouses often require members to deposit collateral. The Company's obligation under such guarantees could exceed the collateral amounts posted; however, it is management's opinion that the potential for the Company to be required to make payments under such guarantees is remote.

The Company had commitments to enter into forward secured financing transactions, including certain repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements of \$9.9 billion and \$8.4 billion respectively, at March 31, 2023.

## (15) Income Taxes

The significant components of the Company's net deferred tax assets included in other assets in the accompanying statement of financial condition at March 31, 2023 are as follows (in thousands):

Deferred tax assets:	
Lease liabilities	6,062
Capital losses	2,340
Goodwill	1,089
Deferred compensation	986
Accrued expenses	 742
Total gross deferred tax assets	 11,219
Valuation allowance	(2,340)
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	 8,879
Deferred tax liabilities:	
ROU assets	4,884
Depreciation	746
Total gross deferred tax liabilities	5,630
Net deferred tax assets	\$ 3,249

The valuation allowance represents the portion of the Company's deferred tax assets for which it is more likely than not that the benefit of such items will not be realized. Management believes that the realization of the net deferred tax asset of \$3,249,000 at March 31, 2023 is more likely than not based on expectations of future taxable income.

A valuation allowance of \$2,340,000 has been maintained against the Company's deferred tax asset related to capital loss carryforward. Based upon the level of historical taxable income and projections for future capital gains, management believes it will not meet the more-likely-than-not criteria. The net decrease during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 in the total valuation allowance is \$1,443,000, which was primarily attributable to the expiry of a portion of the Company's capital loss carryforwards on March 31, 2023. The Company's remaining capital loss carryforwards expire through March 31, 2025.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

Income taxes payable to affiliates of \$18,055,000 are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statement of financial condition as of March 31, 2023.

Major taxing jurisdictions for the Company and tax years for each that remain open to examination are as follows:

U.S. Federal	March 31, 2020 and later
New York State	March 31, 2016 and later
New York City	March 31, 2017 and later
California	March 31, 2019 and later

The Parent files a consolidated federal income tax return that includes the Company. In addition, the Company files state tax returns in various jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Parent and its consolidated subsidiaries are no longer subject to U.S. federal, state, and local examinations by tax authorities for the years ended before March 31, 2019.

Management has evaluated state tax nexus regulations. The Company does not anticipate that any adjustments would result in a material change to its financial position within the next 12 months. However, the Company anticipates that it is reasonably possible that an additional payment in the amount of \$176,000 could be made by March 31, 2024 or thereafter.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

Beginning balance April 1, 2022	\$ 129
Net increase related to prior year state tax nexus positions	38
Increase related to current year state tax nexus positions	 9
Ending balance March 31, 2023	\$ 176

As of March 31, 2023, there is \$148,000 of unrecognized tax benefit that, if recognized, would affect the annual effective tax rate.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

## Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

# (16) Related Party Transactions

In the normal course of business, the Company's operations include significant transactions conducted with affiliate entities. Such transactions are governed by contractual agreements between the Company and its affiliates. The following table sets forth the Company's related party assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2023 (in thousands):

#### Assets:

Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$ 4,275,590
Financial instruments owned, at fair value	574
Securities borrowed	336,738
Receivable from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	159
Receivable from affiliates	6,456
Other assets	1,539
Liabilities:	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 780,377
Financial instruments sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value	258
Payable to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	183,078
Securities loaned	389,165
Loans payable	405,069
Payable to affiliates	315,786
Payable to customers	2,532
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21,621

#### (17) Retirement Plan

Subordinated borrowings from Parent

All local employees are eligible for participation in the Company's retirement plan (the Plan) after two months of service. The Plan, established on June 1, 1985 and amended on October 1, 1989, is a profit-sharing plan qualifying under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code), as amended, and includes a cash or deferred arrangement qualifying under Sections 401(k) and (m) of the Code. The Company contributes 3% of the employees' earnings as defined by the Plan. Additional amounts of earnings can be contributed by management at its discretion.

#### (18) Off-Balance-Sheet Market Risk and Concentrations of Credit Risk

#### (a) Market Risk

In the normal course of its operations, the Company enters into various contractual commitments involving forward settlement. These include financial futures contracts, options contracts, and commitments to buy and sell securities and foreign currencies. Commitments involving future settlement give rise to market risk, which represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of a particular financial instrument.

The Company monitors and manages its market risk exposure by setting market risk limits and by reviewing the effectiveness of economic hedging strategies. The Company's policy is to take possession of securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities borrowed and maintain

17 (Continued)

\$

200,000

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

these securities with its custodian. The Company monitors the fair value of the assets acquired to ensure their adequacy as compared to the amount at which the securities will be subsequently resold, as specified in the respective agreements. The agreements provide that, where appropriate, the Company may require the delivery of additional cash or securities.

The Company records all contractual commitments involving future settlement at fair value.

Derivative financial instruments are used for trading purposes. Futures contracts are executed on an exchange and cash settlement is made on a daily basis for market movements. Margin on futures contracts is included in receivable/payable to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations. Options are recorded at fair value in the statement of financial condition. Fair value of the options is the unrealized gain or loss on the contract and is recorded in financial instruments owned and financial instruments sold, but not yet purchased. OTC derivatives are recorded at fair value in the statement of financial condition. Pricing models, using a series of market inputs, determine fair value. The fair value of OTC derivatives is recorded in financial instruments owned.

## (b) Concentrations of Credit Risk

Credit risk is measured by the loss that the Company would record if its counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of contractual commitments. Management of credit risk involves a number of considerations, such as the financial profile of the counterparty, specific terms and duration of the contractual agreement, market fluctuations, and the value and monitoring of collateral held, if any. The Company has established various procedures to manage credit exposure, including initial credit approval, credit limits, collateral requirements, rights of offset, and continuous oversight and monitoring.

The Company regularly transacts business with, and owns securities issued by, a broad range of corporations, governments and agencies, and other financial institutions. The Company also enters into collateralized financing agreements in which it extends short-term credit, primarily to major financial institutions, including major U.S. and non-U.S. commercial banks, investment banks, and affiliates. The Company generally controls access to the collateral pledged by the counterparties, which consists largely of securities issued by the U.S. government or its agencies. The value and adequacy of the collateral are continually monitored. Consequently, management believes the risk of credit loss from counterparties' failure to perform in connection with collateralized lending activities is minimal.

Remaining concentrations of credit risk arise principally from financial or contractual commitments involving future settlements, fixed-income securities, and equity securities. Concentrations are diverse with respect to geographic locations and industries of counterparties. North America and the Pacific Rim represent the largest concentrations geographically. Among types of industries, U.S. based and international financial institutions represent the largest group of counterparties.

Substantially all of the Company's cash and securities positions are either held as collateral by its clearing brokers and banks against various margin obligations of the Company or deposited with such clearing brokers and banks for safekeeping purposes.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Daiwa Capital Markets America Holdings Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

March 31, 2023

# (19) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is a registered U.S. broker-dealer and FCM subject to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act and Regulation 1.17 of the Commodity Exchange Act, which specify uniform minimum net capital requirements, as defined, for their registrants. The Company has elected to use the alternative method of computing net capital, as permitted by Rule 15c3-1, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of the excess margin collected on reverse repurchase transactions, plus the greatest of:

- a. \$1,500,000;
- b. 2% of aggregate debit balances arising from customer transactions, as defined; or
- c. 8% of customer risk maintenance margin requirements and 8% of noncustomer risk maintenance margin requirements pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act and the regulations thereunder.

The Company is also subject to the minimum net capital requirements of all self-regulatory organizations of which it is a member. The Company is a clearing member of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, which requires all clearing members to maintain minimum net capital of \$5,000,000. Additionally, equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital would be less than the greatest of 120% of the greater of (a) and (c) above, or 5% of aggregate debit items. At March 31, 2023, the Company had net capital of \$1,360,412,000, which was \$1,358,798,000 in excess of the minimum net capital required under Rule 15c3-1.

## (20) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events from the statement of financial condition date through May 26, 2023, the date at which the statement of financial condition is available to be issued, and determined that there are no other items to recognize or disclose.